Versamune® T Cell Activating Platform Applied to HPV-Related Cancers

PDS Biotechnology

Precision Designed Science For Immunotherapy

World Vaccine & Immunotherapy Congress | Cancer Immunotherapy

WORLDVACCINE SIMMUNOTHERAPY CONGRESS

Tuesday November 28th, 2022 Lauren V Wood, MD, CMO



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I am an employee of PDS Biotechnology



The Challenges of Current Immunotherapy Options in Advanced Recurrent / Metastatic Disease

A key challenge to broadly effective checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) immunotherapy is *limited ability to*:

- promote adequate CD8+ killer T-cell responses in patients resulting in diminished efficacy
- overcome the immunosuppressive tumor microenvironment (TME)

The Result:

- Limited response to checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy – generally around 20%
- Approved treatments often don't delay disease progression, even if they improve survival
- Combination treatments often have more side effects, impacting quality of life

What is needed to overcome these pervasive challenges and limitations to effective **immunotherapy** for advanced recurrent or metastatic disease?

The 3 R's of T Cell Activation:

> The <u>Right *type*</u> of killer T cells

With the <u>Right killing potency</u> i.e. polyfunctional or multi-cytokine inducing killer T cells

> The <u>Right</u> *quantity* of killer T cells

That track to, actively infiltrate, and kill tumors

What is Versamune®?

Versamune[®] is a novel investigational T cell activating platform that effectively stimulates a precise immune response to a cancer-specific protein and promotes a potent T cell attack against tumors



Reference: Gandhapudi SK, et al. 2019. Antigen priming with enantiospecific cationic lipid nanoparticles induces potent antitumor CTL responses through novel induction of a Type I IFN response. J Immunol. 202 (12): 3524-3536.Smalley Rumfield C et al.. 2020. Immunomodulation to enhance the efficacy of an HPV therapeutic vaccine. J. for ImmunoTherapy of Cancer 8:e000612.

What is PDS0101?

The Unmet Medical Need in HPV-Related Cancers

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Approximately 43,000 US patients are diagnosed with an HPV-related cancers each year, a number unlikely to be impacted in the next decade by the increased use of HPV preventive vaccines – given that the time from initial HPV infection to a cancer diagnosis is usually 20 years or more.^A



Cancers such as head and neck, cervical, anal, penile, vaginal, vulvar that are caused by HPV infection can be identified through tissue examination or biopsy and imaging. High risk HPV16 predominates as a major cause.



Currently HPV-positive cancers are treated with surgery, chemotherapy, radiation and immunotherapies such as checkpoint inhibitors, either alone or in combination. There remains a high unmet need for more effective, safer, better tolerated and HPV-targeted treatment options.



PDS0101 is designed to address HPV16-related cancers.

[^]Division of Cancer Prevention and Control, U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HPV and Cancer. https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/hpv/statistics/cases.htm. Accessed 8/19/2022.

What is PDS0101?



PDS0101 is a novel investigational human papilloma virus (HPV)-targeted immunotherapy that stimulates a potent targeted T cell attack against HPV-associated cancers.



PDS0101 is given by a simple subcutaneous (SC) injection in combination with other immunotherapies and cancer treatments.



Interim data suggests PDS0101 generates clinically effective immune responses, and the combination of PDS0101 with other treatments demonstrates significant disease control by shrinking tumors, delaying disease progression and/or prolonging survival.



The combination of PDS0101 with other treatments does not appear to compound the toxicity of other agents.



PDS0101, an investigational immunotherapy, represents a transformative treatment approach for HPV-associated cancer patients and may provide improved efficacy, safety and tolerability when used in combination with other therapies.



What is VERSATILE-002?

How should we be trying to address **the unmet medical needs** of head and neck cancer patients?

KEY GOALS:

- Help more patients benefit from treatment
- > Delay disease progression
- > Delay the need for chemo
- > Prolong life
- > Improve quality of life

VERSATILE-002: Phase 2 Study of PDS0101 and KEYTRUDA®

For the potential treatment of HPV16-positive metastatic/recurrent head and neck cancer

Indication	Treatment of patients with HPV16-positive head and neck cancer whose cancer has spread or returned
Clinical Agents	<u>KEYTRUDA[®] (Standard of Care)</u> : Anti-PD1 checkpoint inhibitor (1L ORR ~20% overall; 15% in PDL1 1-19 and 23% in PDL1 \geq 20) <u>PDS0101</u> : Versamune [®] -based immunotherapy generating HPV-specific CD8+ and CD4+ T cells
Study Goals	<u>Group 1</u> : Objective response rate (ORR) as 1 st line treatment in checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) naïve patients <u>Group 2</u> : ORR in patients who have failed checkpoint inhibitor therapy (CPI refractory)
Status	Fast Track Designation Q2 2022 Efficacy and safety data presented on first 19 patients at ASCO Q2 2022 Safety data presented at Head and Neck Symposium Q1 2022
Trial Partner	MERCK

Confirmation that PDS0101 enhances the therapeutic benefit of checkpoint inhibitors could expand evaluation of Versamune[®]-based therapies in multiple cancer indications

VERSATILE-002: Phase 2 Study of PDS0101 and KEYTRUDA®

For the potential treatment of HPV16-positive metastatic/recurrent head and neck cancer



Top Line PDS0101 Phase 2 Clinical Data

Interim efficacy data from 3 oncology trials and 56 patients suggest potential long-term efficacy

Versamune [®] Technology Platform: <i>In-vivo</i> tumor-specific killer (CD8+) T cell induction					
VERSATILE-002					Data Venue
<i>HPV-positive metastatic head and neck cancer:</i> PDS0101 + KEYTRUDA [®] (SOC) in patients whose cancer has returned or spread after treatment	41%	Objective response rate	89%	Survival at 9 months	ASCO – Jun. 22



VERSATILE-002: Phase 2 Study of PDS0101 and KEYTRUDA®

For the potential treatment of HPV16-positive metastatic/recurrent head and neck cancer



Best Change from Baseline (%)

VERSATILE-002: Phase 2 Study of PDS0101 and KEYTRUDA®

For the potential treatment of HPV16-positive metastatic/recurrent head and neck cancer

KEY GOAL: Improve quality of life

Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) Safety Population (N=19)	CPI Naïve Subjects (N=19) N (%) : Events
Subjects with any TEAEs Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5	18 (94.7%) : 371 3 (15.8%) : 303 8 (42,1%) : 51 5 (26.3%) : 11 0 (0.0%) : 4 2 (10.5%) : 2
Evaluation Study States Attributed to Study Treatment by Investigator No subjects met this criteria	Ο
Grade 3 & 4 Treatment Related TEAEs No subjects met this criteria	Ο
Subjects with PDS0101 or pembrolizumab dose reduction or dose discontinuation No subjects met this criteria	0

PDS0101 plus pembrolizumab appears to be safe and well tolerated and does not appear to compound toxicity.

KEY GOAL: Delay disease progression

KEY GOAL: Prolong survival

Overall Survival Rate (OS)

(PFS)

At 9 Months of Follow Up (Median PFS not yet
Achieved)% of Patients Alive at Median 9
Months89%Progression Free Survival Rate
55.2%

Preliminary data in CPI naïve patients suggests

PDS0101 plus pembrolizumab may delay disease progression and prolong survival.

An updated analysis on a larger group of patients observed for a longer duration is planned.

87.2%

Additional PDS0101 Phase 2 Clinical Data

Top Line PDS0101 Phase 2 Clinical Data

Interim efficacy data from 3 oncology trials and 56 patients suggest potential long-term efficacy

Versamune [®] + NHS-IL12 Technology Platform: Overcome cancer-induced immune suppression					
NCI-led Triple Combination					Data Venue
Checkpoint inhibitor refractory HPV-Associated cancers: PDS0101 + NHS-IL12 + Checkpoint inhibitor in patients who have <u>failed all treatment options</u> including checkpoint inhibitors	63%	Objective response in optimal dose group ²	66%	Survival at 16 months (all dose groups) ²	Interim data – Oct. 22
Advanced HPV-associated cancers: PDS0101 + NHS-IL12 + Checkpoint inhibitor in patients whose cancer has returned or spread after treatment and have not been exposed to		Objective response ³	7E %	Survival at 25	$\Delta SCO = Jup 22$
checkpoint inhibitors	38%	Complete response	. 370	months ³	

¹19% response rate with KEYTRUDA® monotherapy reported in KEYNOTE-048 study (CPS >1)

²Objective response rates in CPI refractory cancer reported to be <10%, and historical median survival is 3-4 months ³Obective response rates in HPV-positive cancer with pembrolizumab and nivolumab is <25% and overall survival of <12 months



Top Line PDS0101 Phase 2 Clinical Data

Interim efficacy data from 3 oncology trials and 56 patients suggest potential long-term efficacy

Versamune [®] Technology Platform: <i>In-vivo</i> tumor-specific killer (CD8+) T cell induction					
IMMUNOCERV					Data Venue
Locally advanced cervical cancer: PDS0101 + Chemoradiotherapy (SOC) in patients with <u>large localized tumors</u> <u>>5cm</u> in the cervix and lymph nodes		Objective response	0%	Deaths due to cancer. 1 unrelated death.	
		Complete response			SITC – Nov. 22

PDS0101 Phase 2 Studies: Immunology Presented at SITC 2022

Results from 2 oncology trials suggest that immune responses may promote clinical responses

NCI-led Triple Combination - All HPV-associated cancers			
Immune correlates in blood circulation	 Data presented at SITC November 2022 A more than two-fold increase in HPV16-specific T cells in the blood of 79% (11/14 tested) of the evaluated patients. Immune responses were associated with increases in natural killer cells, soluble granzyme B (associated with active killer T cells), IFN-γ, TNF-α, etc., two weeks after the first treatment cycle thus signaling a pro-inflammatory response. Early increases in several monitored immune correlates such as granzyme B and interferon-gamma for example at Day 15 were associated with a clinical response. 		
IMMUNOCERV - Locally advanced cervical ca	ncer		
Immune correlates in blood and in the tumors	 Data presented at SITC November 2022 Data confirm PDS0101 treatment activates tumor-infiltrating HPV16-specific CD8+ T cells. This increase was not seen in patients who did not receive PDS0101. The increase in HPV16-specific T cells generated by the treatment is positively correlated with tumor cell death, suggesting cytotoxic CD8+ T cells are important mediators of antigen-specific immunity. The data affirm that PDS0101 activates Type 1 interferon pathway in humans, mimicking the mechanism previously demonstrated in preclinical studies in animal models. 		

Advancing Versamune[®] Oncology Clinical Pipeline

PDS0101: Partnered with leaders in immuno-oncology

Candidate	Clinical Trial	Combination	Status	Recent Updates/ Expected Milestones	Partner
PDS0101 (HPV16)	VERSATILE-002 Recurrent/metastatic HPV16-positive head and neck cancer • Arm 1: CPI naïve • Arm 2: CPI refractory	KEYTRUDA (standard of care)	Phase 2	 Arm 1 enrollment ongoing Arm 2 enrollment ongoing Announced successful End-of-Phase 2 meeting with the FDA; preparing for the registrational trial 	MERCK
PDS0101 (HPV16)	 TRIPLE COMBINATION HPV-positive anal, cervical, head and neck, penile, vaginal, vulvar cancers, chemo & radiation refractory Arm 1: CPI naïve Arm 2: CPI refractory 	Bintrafusp and M9241	Phase 2	 Announced presentation at SITC* Announced expanded positive interim data Announced program to focus on CPI refractory patients 	NIH NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE
PDS0101 (HPV16)	IMMUNOCERV Ist line treatment of locally advanced cervical cancer	Chemo-radiation (standard of care)	Phase 2	Announced presentation at SITC	THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS MDAnderson Cancer Center
PDS0101 (HPV16)	MAYO CLINIC Pre-metastatic HPV- associated oropharyngeal cancer (OPSCC)	Monotherapy +/- KEYTRUDA	Phase 2	Enrollment ongoing	MAYO CLINIC

The Versamune® Preclinical Pipeline

Versamune[®] Based Targeted T cell Immunotherapies

For the potential treatment of non-viral associated cancers

Versamune® based - TARP immunotherapy (PDS0102) platform contains long multi-epitope peptide antigens derived from the T-cell receptor gamma chain alternate reading frame protein (TARP), a tumor specific antigen overexpressed in prostate (~90%) and breast (~50%) cancers, as well as acute myelogenous leukemia (AML).



Figure 1. PDS0102 induces a high number of antigen-specific and polyfunctional T-cells.

Versamune[®]-based nanoparticles formulated with tumor-derived antigens induced robust CD8+ and CD4+ T-cell responses in animals. CD8+ T-cells induced by the Versamune[®] platform were polyfunctional and produced multiple cytokines (**Figure 1**), [1] capable of driving anti-tumor immune responses.

Versamune[®] Based Targeted T cell Immunotherapies

For the potential treatment of non-viral associated cancers

Versamune* based - MUC1 immunotherapy (PDS0103) platform contains multiple agonistic CD8+ T-cell epitope antigens derived from the extracellular and intracellular domains of human Mucin 1 (MUC1) protein, a tumorassociated antigen in a variety of epithelial cancers.



Versamune[®]-based nanoparticles formulated with tumor-derived antigens induced robust CD8+ and CD4+ T-cell responses in animals. CD8+ T-cells induced by the Versamune[®] platform were cytotoxic and are effective in identifying and killing cells presenting human MUC1-derived antigens (**Figure 2**).

Figure 2. PDS0103 induces a high number of antigen-specific CD8 T cells capable of killing cells presenting the human MUC1 derived peptides. AAD mice were

Successful Preclinical Development of the Pipeline

Several Versamune[®] and InfectimuneTM based products ready to progress to clinical studies

Candidate	Indication(s)	Recent Updates
PDS0102 (TARP)	Prostate, breast, acute myeloid leukemia	 Data presented at American Assoc. for Cancer Research, Oct. 22 High levels of CD8 (killer) T cell responses against multiple TARP antigens Induction of polyfunctional (multi-cytokine inducing) CD8+ T-cells (<i>in vivo</i>) Manufacture of PDS0102 clinical antigens in progress
PDS0103 (MUC1)	Colon, breast, ovarian, lung	 Data presented at American Assoc. for Cancer Research, Oct. 22 High levels of CD8 (killer) T cell responses against multiple MUC1 antigens Effective targeting and killing of MUC1-positive targets in the body (<i>in vivo</i>) Manufacture of PDS0103 clinical product in progress
PDS0202 (Influenza)	Universal flu	 Data presented at American Society of Virology Conference, Jul. 22 Results peer reviewed and awaiting publication in leading immunology journal Generates T cells and antibodies against multiple strains of the flu in animals Fully protected animals against infection when dosed with lethal amounts of the H1N1 pandemic strain of the virus In discussion with NIAID regarding clinical funding

Thank you to our collaborators and VERSATILE-002 patients, investigators and sites

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